North Carolina's Approach to Work Zone Crashes

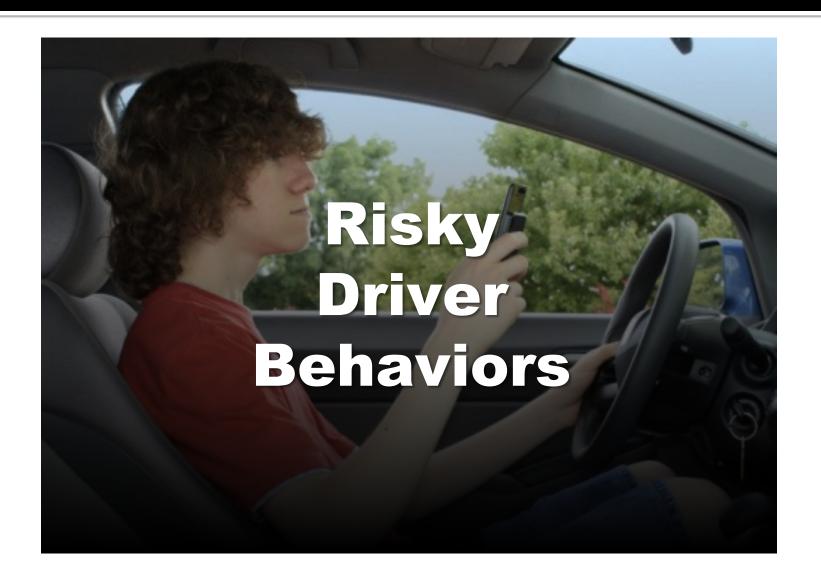




Distracted Driving







Inattention

CRASH RISK INCREASE
29%

Work Zone Crashes



(Source: NCDOT 2016)

Agenda

- 1. Overview / Context (Greg Ferrara)
- 2. Approach and Strategies (F/S Kendell Jackson)
- 3. Analytics Demo (Colleen Lippert)

North Carolina



Great Smoky Mountains



Atlantic Beach



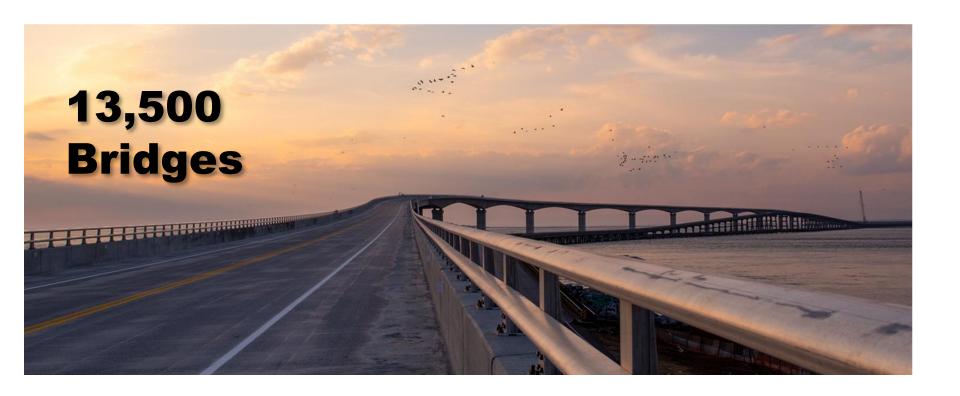
Population



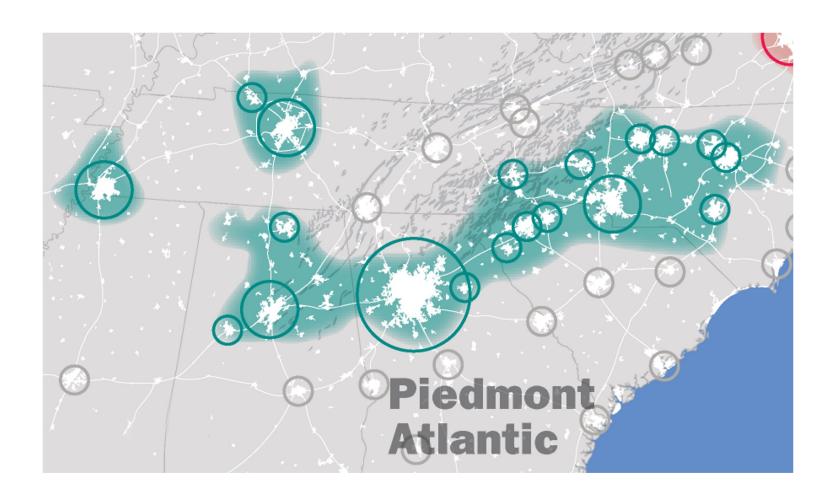
Road Miles



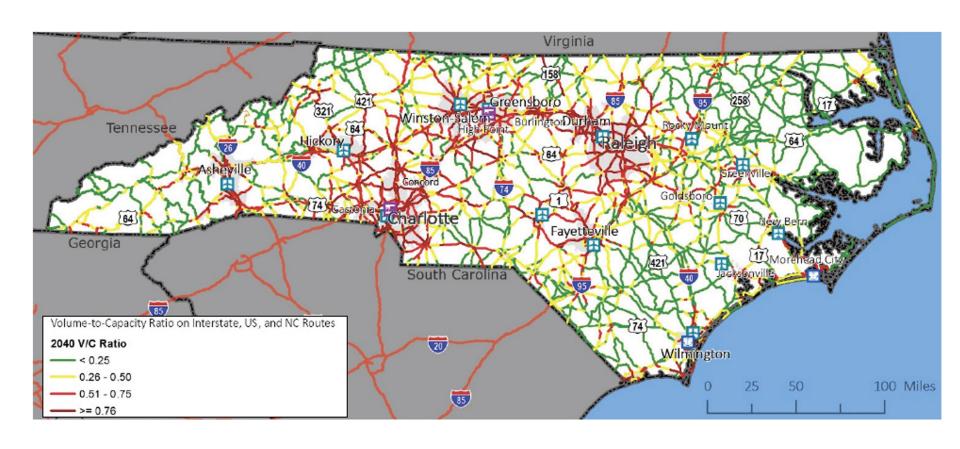
Bridges



Piedmont Atlantic Megaregion



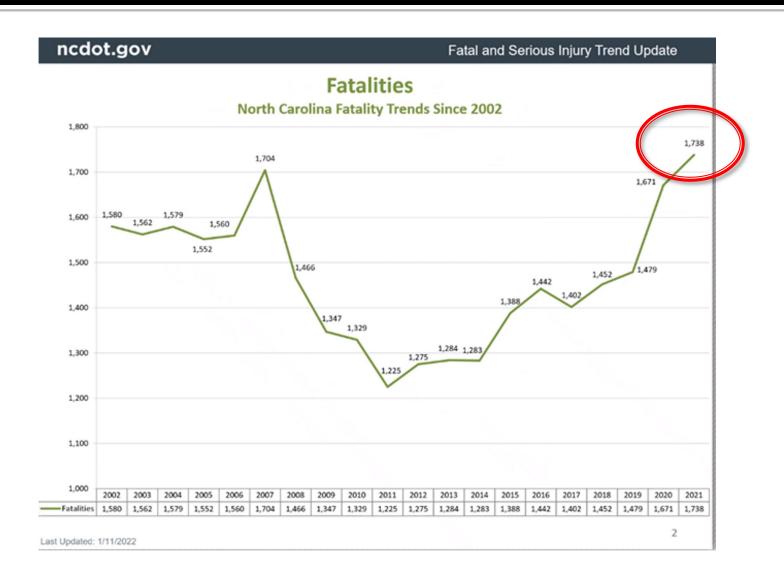
Road Capacity 2040



Commodity Flows



Fatality Spike



CMV Fatalities



Risk Trends

Trends in commercial vehicle risks

- **Driver inexperience:** Truck driver shortage, retention, and turnover
- Exposure change: Increasing e-commerce/freight demand and VMT
- Delivery schedule pressure: Associated with speeding, lack of belt use, and crashes (increasing in urban areas)

Cargo van crashes involving pedestrians in NC in urban areas, by year and type

Model	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
NV Cargo	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	5	11
ProMaster	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	6
Sprinter	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	7
Transit	0	0	0	1	2	13	7	2	25
Total	1	1	1	3	6	15	12	10	49

Source: CSCRS Project R30: Urban freight and road safety: Trends and innovative strategies: https://www.roadsafety.unc.edu/research/projects/2019r30/

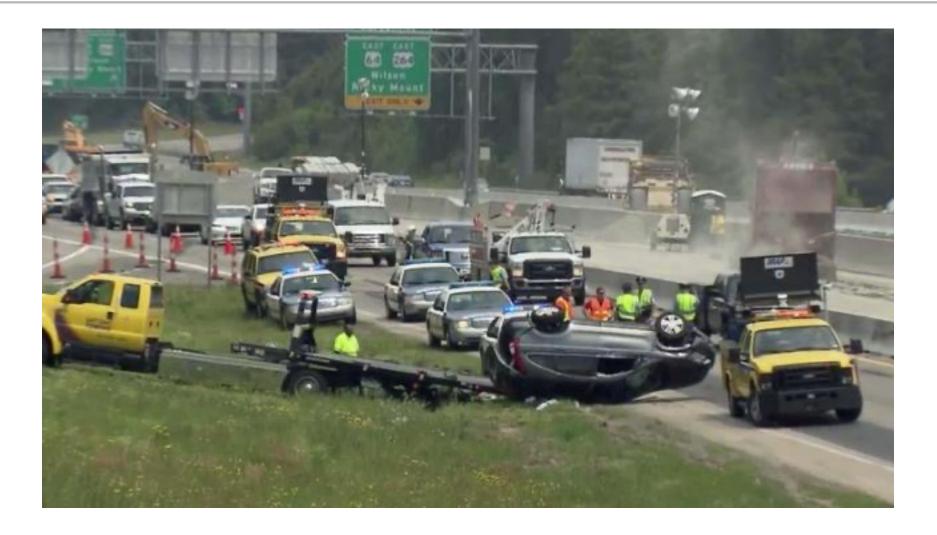


CONGESTION

WORK ZONES



WRECKS



North Carolina's Work Zone Profile

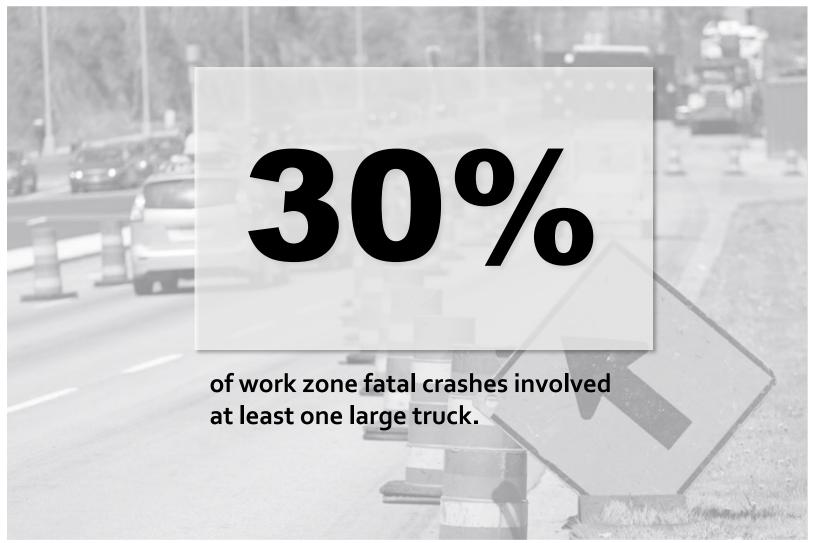
How Many?



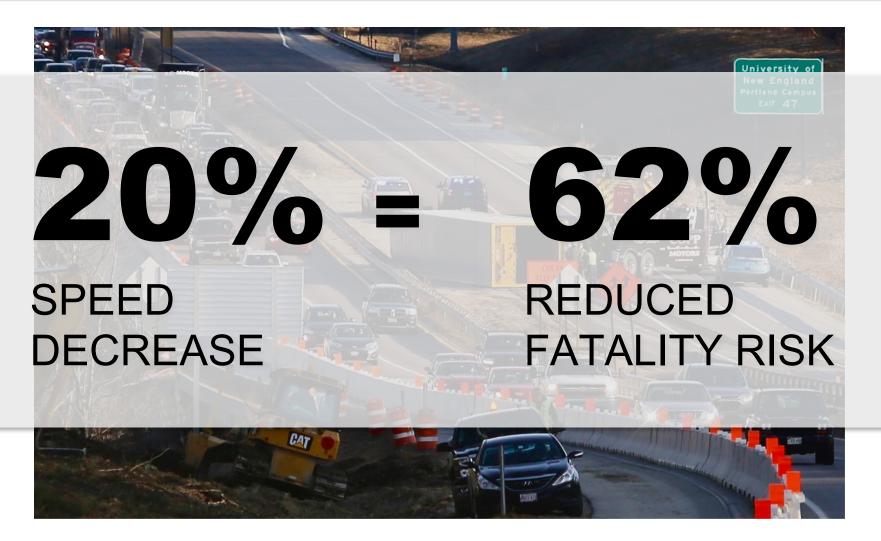
Work Zone Crash Risk



CMV-Involved



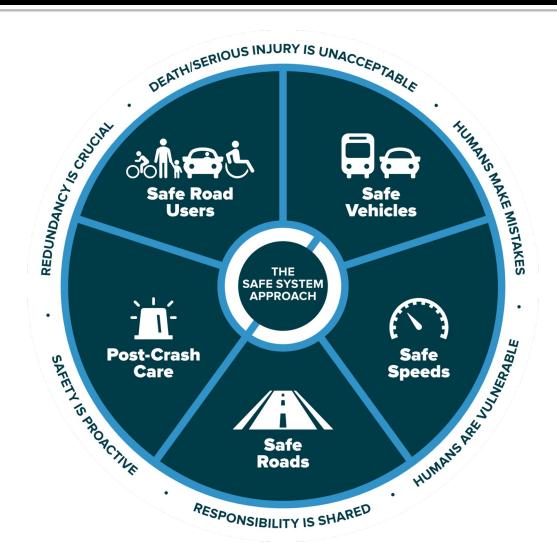
Slow Down!



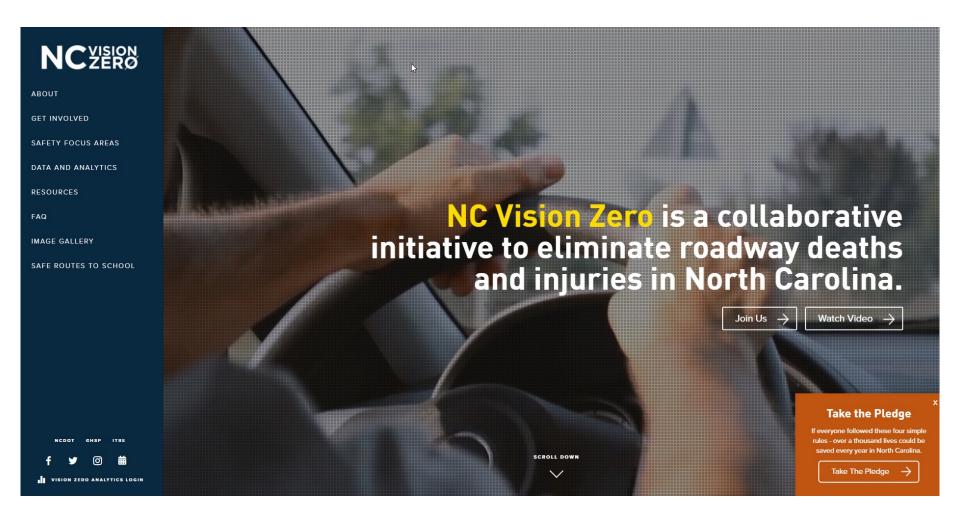
Approach

F/S Kendell Jackson

Safe Systems Approach



ncvisionzero.org



Strategies

F/S Kendell Jackson

Partnerships!

- **1.NCDOT** (engineering)
- 2.University / ITRE (planning support / analytics / measuring effectiveness)
- **3.SHP non CMV Troopers**
- **4.Local LEAs**
- **5.Trucking Association**
- **6.Vendors (roadside / in cab technologies)**

Open Roads (Quick Clearance Meeting and Review)

NCDOT (Project Lead, Traffic Safety)

NCSHP (Troop Captain, County First Sergeant, Headquarters Staff, Communications Supervisor)

EMS, Fire Department, Emergency Management

Contractor (Engineers and Project Leads)

Tow Truck Companies

High Visibility Enforcement

- (WIRED / Safe DRIVE) reaches out to non CMV districts to partner in LIDAR speed enforcement
- 2. HAWKS GHSP
- 3. Drone cars / Work Zone blue light cars
- 4. LIDAR / Speed Enforcement Teams

Utilize Technologies

- 1. Portable Message Signs
- 2. Distracted Driving Cameras
- 3. Mobile Vans
- 4. In-Cab Alerts

Portable Message Signs



Why Portable Message Signs?

- Enable Commercial Vehicle Enforcement (CVE) section with the capability of broadcasting safety and enforcement messages directly to high risk drivers along high CMV crash corridors
- Extend CVE's capabilities by utilize portable technologies
- Practical tool for driving down risky driving behaviors known to be correlated with CMVinvolved fatal crashes



Main Modes

1. Speed only



2. Message Only



3. Speed and Message



Speed / Volume Best Practices

- 60-70 mph (radar Zone)
- 71 80 mph (speed display)
- 81+ (speed display + blue lights)

Type of Alertness

Drug Impairment:

Hyper-Alert: CNS-Stimulants

Hypo-Alert: CNS-Depressants and

Narcotics

Work Zone Drivers:

Hyper-Alert: (Mimics) CNS-Stimulants

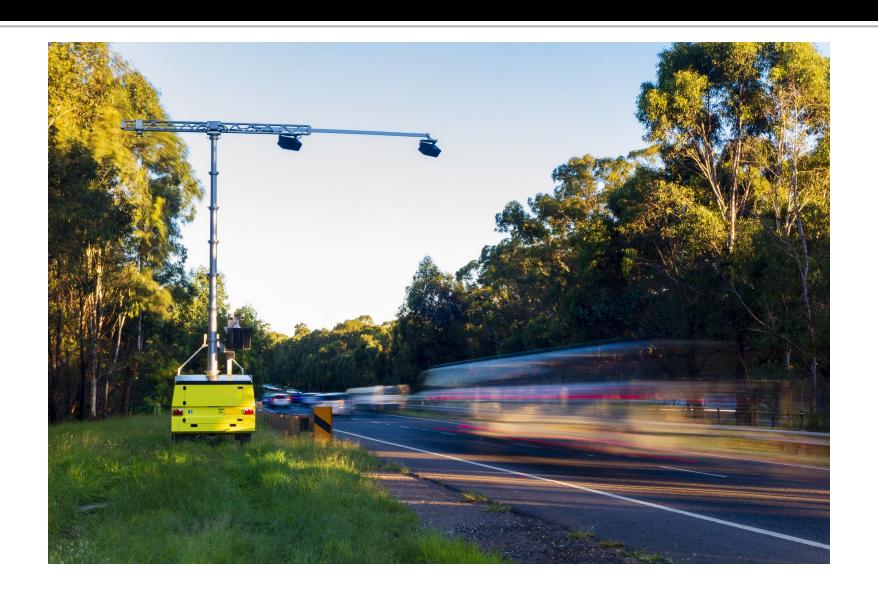
Hypo-Alert: (Mimics)CNS-Depressants

and Narcotics

Distracted Driving Cameras



Distracted Driving Cameras



Mobile Vans / Trailers



In-Cab Alerts

After





INRIX + Drivewyze = real time in cab alerts for slow downs and congestion











In-Cab Alerts

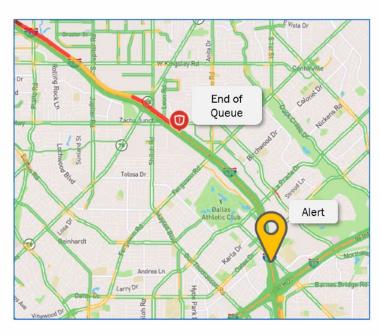
INRIX Traffic Alerts



Dangerous Slowdowns

- Significant drop in speed ahead vs current speed
- Alert will be issued if speed drops 35 mph +
- 2 miles ahead





Congestion

- Delay vs. Historical
- Alert will be issued if 3 minutes or more of delay
- 3 miles ahead



Effective?

Effectiveness Study by Drivewyze



Preliminary results show that alerts do positively impact driving behavior relative to drivers not alerted.

70%

of alerted drivers slow down ahead of incident

11_{mph}

Avg Speed Reduction Sudden Slowdowns 2 mph Control Group

8mph

Avg Speed Reduction Congestion Events

3 mph Control Group

Study conducted for I-95 Southbound Work Zone near Fayetteville, for January 14, 2022 - March 4, 2022 based on 4220 visits.













Special Enforcement Teams

Collision Reduction Enforcement Team (CRET)

- Selected members from each traditional district to create
- Trained 99 members since November 2020
- Educating non CMV to interact with CMVs
- Fatal focus on interstates (Top 3)
- 4-5 miles before / after

Work Zone Demo

Colleen Lippert

Challenges

Work Zone Challenges

- 1. Modernization of work zone tracking systems
- 2. Persistent behavior change
 - Message boards
- 3. Unnanounced (Popup) Short Term Work Zones
- 4. Long areas on non-obvious Work Areas

Questions?